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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/645,181	08/21/2003	Hiroshi Satomi	03500.014419.1	7320
5514 7590 09/30/2008 FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			EXAMINER	
			DANNEMAN, PAUL	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/645,181	SATOMI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	PAUL DANNEMAN	3627
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u> . 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is FINAL . 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4)	awn from consideration. is/are rejected.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 9 June 2008 has been entered.

Status of the Claims

- 2. Claims 387-388 and 410-411 have been cancelled.
- 3. Claims 385, 389, 393, and 401 have been amended.
- 4. All Pending Claims 385-386, 389, 391-393, 401, and 409 have been examined in this application.

Claim Objections

- 5. Claim 389 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 389 is dependent on a canceled Claim 387. For purposes of this examination the Examiner is interpreting *Claim 389 to be dependent on Claim 385*. Appropriate correction is required.
- 6. Claim 389 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 389 recites "wherein if the determined charge amount of the printout of the output information to be printed out together with the additional information becomes negative, said determining step determines the charge amount for the print as zero." The phrasing is very convoluted, therefore the Examiner is recommending the following wording: "if the credit for the additional information added exceeds the printing cost of the output information the customer is not charged for the print job". Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as

set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be

patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious

at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said

subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention

was made.

8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966),

that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are

summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or

nonobviousness.

9. Claims 385-386, 389, 391-393, 401 and 409 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Freedman, US 4,839,829 in view of Kawai et al. US 6,891,636 B1 hereafter known as

Kawai.

Claims 385, 393 and 401:

With regard to the limitation:

• A memory for storing a computer program and a processor for executing the

computer program.

Freedman in at least FIG.1A, FIG.1B, Column 3, lines 57-60, Column 4, lines 42-67 and Column

5, lines 1-23 discloses a programmed, networked computer having a memory an output/input

means for use by a printing requester.

With regard to the limitation:

An image forming method for charging a user for printout of output information

over a network.

Freedman in at least Column 1, lines 10-17 and Column 2, lines 38-51 discloses an invention that

quickly assesses a customer's specific printing requirements and provides the user with

instantaneously provided accurate information regarding costs, print facility capacity, scheduling,

etc. Freedman still further discloses the employment of request/response sequences and the

information gathered from the customer by this technique is correlated with a database of stored

information from a specific or various printing facilities.

With regard to the limitation:

Output information is registered to a user.

Freedman in at least Column 1, lines 17-41 further discloses that the system interacts with the

user to collect, compare, and store information regarding the user and the parameters related to

the user's needs (i.e., cost requirements, photos, pictures, graphics, deadlines, number of

documents to be printed, colors used, kinds of paper, typeface to be used, etc). Freedman in at

least Column 7, lines 62-67, Column 8, lines 1-15 and Figs 2A and 2B discloses the system

requiring the user to log onto the system using a password or key and entering customer

identification information and a job identification number or code to facilitate tracking of the

printing job.

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Freedman does not specifically disclose the following limitations of automatically-selecting which additional information is to be printed out up to a maximum limit.

Automatically-selecting which additional information will be printed out and then
printing out the additional information up to a predetermined maximum limit.

However, Kawai in at least Column 7, lines 5-27 discloses a copying machine with a fee charging device containing an advertisement selection function connected with an advertisement image memory for storing multiple information images in advance. Kawai in at least Column 13, lines 15-19 discloses that it is possible to provide a function for the copying machine to select optimum images based on the time zone and other factors. Kawai in at least Column 14, lines 30-42 and Column 16, lines 13-31 discloses the additional image is automatically selected in rotation by the control unit. Therefore, it would have been obvious, at the time of the invention, to one of ordinary skill to modify Freedman Automated Printing Control System with Kawai's Automatic Image Selection System and to further modify Freedman/Kawai's control unit to have re-settable predetermined limits for other counting purposes with the motivation of providing a system which is fully automatic with regards to information which is automatically selected and having a counter to limit the number of time such information may automatically be selected.

With regard to the following limitation:

 Allowing additional information to be added to the original output information thereby reducing the overall printing cost.

Freedman does not specifically disclose allowing a discount on the print job based on including additional information or automatically-selecting which additional information will be printed out per se, however Kawai in at least Column 7, lines 5-27 discloses a copying machine with a fee charging device containing an advertisement (other information) selection function connected with an image memory for storing multiple information images in advance, a fee charging memory for storing the aggregate number of copies printed with the additional information, as well as the

aggregate fees to be charged to the advertiser and a counting unit for counting the number of

sheets printed with advertisement. Kawai in at least Column 13, lines 25-48, and lines 60-62

discloses a control procedure for altering the copy fees based on the display location of the list of

information if such information was requested by the user.

Therefore, it would have been obvious, at the time of the invention, to modify Freedman's

Automated Printing Control System with Kawai's fee reducing charge for including an

advertisement (additional information) with the motivation of providing a customer of the printing

(copy) service an option to reduce their printing costs by a prescribed amount based on the

advertisement.

With regard to the following limitation:

· Determining, outputting and displaying the amount user will be charged for the

printing to a display.

Freedman does not specifically disclose the above limitation per se, however, Kawai in at least

Column 7, lines 60-67 further discloses a display unit displaying a message indicating an amount

charged to the copy user based on the inclusion of additional information on the copy user's

prints. Kawai in at least Column 10, lines 4-9 discloses fees to the copy user and the information

provider can be altered in a proper ratio based on the copying productivity. Therefore it would

have been obvious, at the time of the invention, to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify

Freedman's Automated Printing Control System with Kawai's display with the motivation of

providing an interested party with cost data pertinent to a printing job.

With regard to the following limitation:

Output format of the additional information indicates a position on a sheet.

Freedman in at least Column 10, lines 11-14 discloses inserting an additional graphic

(advertisement, form or coupon) on the last or some other page at some point in the text.

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Claim 386:

With regard to the limitations:

• Output information designated by the user contains plurality types of output

information.

First value information corresponds with the plural types of output information.

Freedman in at least Column 3, lines 49-67, Column 4, lines 1-2, Fig.1A and Fig.1B further

discloses an invention comprised of a system for automated control of the printing of a work. The

system comprises printing requester terminals and printing facility terminals. The printer

requester terminal is connected to a computer for receiving and storing the printing parameter

information for a print request. Freedman in at least Column 3, lines 33-45 further discloses that

the print facility can conveniently modify job orders based on a customer request, assess the

present status of a printing job, and calculate the adjusted costs involved in such modifications.

Freedman in at least Column 4, lines 25-35 further discloses that the term "printing"

encompasses any and all processes and/or the use of any type of machine or device which can

be employed or utilized for preparing and producing imaging on a substrate which can be

machine or humanly read, including, but without limitation: letter press, intaglio, gravure,

lithographic, etc. Freedman in at least Column 5, lines 1-23 still further discloses the

communication link between the printing requester terminals, the printing facility terminals and the

computer may be regular phone lines (PSTN), leased lines adapted for transmission of high

speed data, a packet switch network, etc.

Freedman in at least Column 8, lines 24-26 further discloses allowing the customer to enter

printing parameters to establish a new custom design template. Freedman in at least Column 10,

lines 1-14 further discloses allowing the customer to approve the print parameters and if it's

desirable allowing the insertion of an additional graphic or an advertisement (form or coupon) into

the print job. Freedman in at least Column 10, lines 15-35 calculates the cost information of

utilizing alternate pricing strategies based upon usage of different printing or publishing

equipment and based upon the parameter of differing print facilities and print parameters.

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Claims 389 and 391:

With regard to the limitation:

 Determining the charge amount on a monetary basis based on an initial bid and a subsequent revision based on a change of the initial print order by the addition of advertisements.

Freedman does not specifically disclose providing a credit for including advertisements within the printed material per se. Freedman in at least Column 9, lines 64-67 and Column 10, lines 1-14 discloses the computer calculating the total number of finished pages for the job and displaying to the requester all publication design parameters. Alternatively, it may be desirable to insert an additional graphic at some point in the text to fill up the last page or to insert an advertisement, form or coupon on the last or some other page for efficient usage of all pages. Freedman in at least Column 10, lines 15-35 further discloses that if the requester makes no further changes the computer then calculates cost information utilizing alternate pricing strategies. The requester is further provided with verification of the parameters, prices, etc. Freedman in at least FIG 3A and 3B and Column 10, lines 55-63 still further discloses providing a cost estimate for a particular job. Freedman in at least Column 3, lines 19-46 still further discloses a client opting to modify a standing printing order and the printing facility having to adjust the cost and production schedules accordingly. Therefore, it would have been obvious, at the time of the invention, to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Freedman's automated printing facilities pricing unit to include credits for additional information (advertisements) with a maximum limit on the amount of credit based on the cost of a print job not going below zero and the maximum credit based on the reaching the maximum limit of the number of times the additional information is included in the print jobs.

However, Kawai in at least Column 2, lines 25-32, FIG.2B, and FIG.2C discloses an image forming system where an advertisement image is printed on the white space or on other locations. Kawai in at least FIG.7 further discloses a fee control procedure based on the complexity of an advertisement. Kawai in at least Column 4, lines 49-52 discloses charged a

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user a copying fee that reflects the credit applied due to including an advertisement in the print job. Therefore, it would have been obvious, at the time of the invention, to one of ordinary skill to modify Freedman's Automated Printing Control System with Kawai's advertisement inclusion, print (copy) fee reducing system with the motivation of enhancing the success of an advertisement, while providing an incentive to users to include advertisements in their print jobs

Claims 392 and 409:

With regard to the limitation:

(Kawai, Column 4, lines 52-54).

• Registering and storing the printing information in a database.

· Automatically selecting the information to be printed out in response to entry of

the output information identification code.

Freedman in at least Column 2, lines 45-47 discloses a data base of stored information. Freedman in at least Column 7, lines 42-61 further discloses obtaining information from the printer requester and storing information concerning the work to be printed. Column 3, lines 49-67, Column 4, lines 1-2, Fig.1A and Fig.1B further discloses a system for automated control of the printing of a work. The system comprises printing requester terminals and printing facility terminals. The printer requested terminal is connected to a computer for receiving and storing the printing parameter information. The computer interacts with the printing facility terminal for receiving and storing pricing and administrative information concerning the printing of the work. Freedman in at least Column 7, lines 62-67, Column 8, lines 1-15 and Figs 2A and 2B discloses the system requiring the user to log onto the system using a password or key and entering customer identification information and a job identification number or code to facilitate tracking of the printing job. Freedman in at least Column 7, lines 37-41 further discloses that the printing of a work is automated.

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Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to PAUL DANNEMAN whose telephone number is (571)270-1863. The examiner can

normally be reached on Mon.-Thurs. 6AM-5PM Fri. off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Florian Zeender can be reached on 571-272-6790. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/Paul Danneman/

Examiner, Art Unit 3627

26 September 2008

/F. Ryan Zeender/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3627